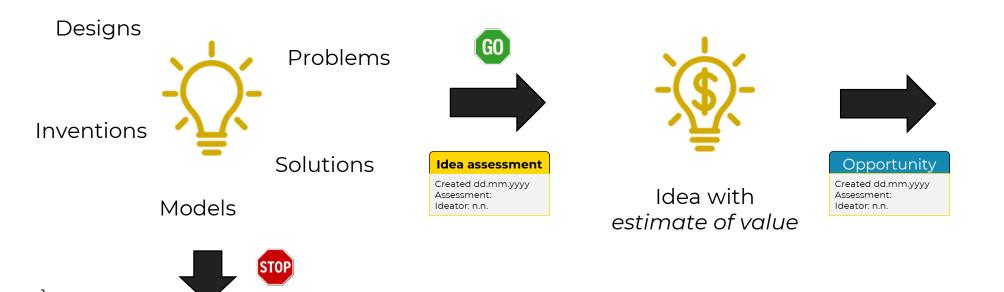
From idea to opportunity

"Ideas" can come from various sources

Needs

"Opportunities" are evaluated ideas with identified value



Idea assessment template

Idea assessment

Created dd.mm.yyyy Assessment: Ideator: n.n.

| Question | Answer |
|---|---|
| Exactly what problem are we trying to solve? | ➔ Draft value proposition |
| For whom do we solve that problem? | ➔ Initial thoughts of target market |
| How big is the opportunity ? | ➔ Estimated user base e.g. S/M/L/XL OR Estimated revenue e.g. S/M/L/XL |
| What alternatives are out there? | ➔ Competitive landscape |
| Why are we best suited to pursue this? | → Our differentiator |
| Why now ? Why not now ? | → Timing |
| How will make money ? | ➔ Initial thoughts on business monetization model |
| How does it fit our business model ? | ➔ Strategic fit, solution and organizational requirements, |
| Verdict? | ➔ Recommendations for next steps, go, no-go, pivot |



Ś

Adapted from Marty Cagan

Opportunity Proposal

Opportunity

Created dd.mm.yyyy Assessment: Ideator: n.n.

| Opportunity | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Value Proposition | | | Marketability Reachability | |
| Tbd Customer segment | Need / problem* | Solution* | UmaticalUmaticalWhat's in it for Us | |
| • Tbd | • Tbd | • Tbd. | • Tbd | |
| Potential | | Competing | | |
| • Tbd | | solutions* • Tbd | | |
| | | | | |

0P

57

Tips for Opportunity Proposal

• Need / problem:

• Ask "why" five times to find out need's and problem's underlying cause-and-effect relationships

Example: The vehicle will not start. (the problem).

- O Why? The battery is dead. (first why)
- O Why? The alternator is not functioning. (second why)
- O Why? The alternator belt has broken. (third why)
- O Why? The alternator belt was well beyond its useful service life and not replaced. (fourth why)
- O Why? The vehicle was not maintained according to the recommended service schedule. (fifth why, a root cause)

• Solution segment:

• Remember to check for existing and pending patents

• Competing solutions segment:

• Don't forget to check the *indirect competition* (customers may have other ways to resolve the identified need)

"Sellability"and "Reachability"

- Marketability = how "sellable"/easy-to-market the opportunity is
 - 1p Attractiveness to customer = existing market pull; "hot or cold", "cool", "trendy", "hip"
 - 1p Easy-to-sell = well-identified and agreed need (by customer), understandable and acceptable solution with clear and real benefits
 - 1p Easy to buy = "the whole product thinking", customer do not have to buy additional/complementary products/services before or after
 - $0p \rightarrow \otimes, 1p \rightarrow \otimes 2-3p \rightarrow \otimes$
- Reachability = how reachable (and loyal?) the planned target customer segment is
 - 1p Identified = we know and have verified that the segment exists
 - 1p Accessibility = we have (or can build) access to the segment
 - 1p Relationship = degree of loyalty; we can develop a relationship with the customer thus creating up-sell potential
 - $0p \rightarrow \otimes, 1p \rightarrow \otimes 2-3p \rightarrow \otimes$